

OMAFRA Vegetable Team:

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"In This Issue"

VCR – Vegetable
Crop Report – July
13th, 2023

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The VCR (vegetable crop report) is a weekly update which includes crop updates, weather and growing degree summaries for various vegetable growing regions across Ontario.

Welcome back to this weeks installment of the Vegetable Crop Report! Brassica Crops – Lepidopteran pests continue to be an issue across the province. Refer to the June 15, 2023 VCR(https://onvegetables.com/2023/06/15/vcr2023-07/)for management thresholds for diamondback moths, cabbage loopers and imported cabbageworms. With all this moisture, be on the look out for Sclerotinia / white mould (Figure 1). The mould tends to start near the ground on plants and as it infects it creates dark, water-soaked areas on the lower leaves near the base at the soil line. As the pathogen progresses you may see white mycelial growth. These water-soaked lesions enlarge and can cause the leaves to wilt. Infected cabbage heads will retain their shape but will be filled with a soft, watery rot. If conditions are favourable for the Sclerotinia, you will see the white mycelial growth followed by small, black spots/spores that look like mouse droppings within the fluffy white growth. These black spores can overwinter in the soil for up to 8 years and the best preventative management strategy is to rotate with non-susceptible crops such as beets, onions, spinach, corn, cereals or grasses. It is also helpful to decrease the plant density of the field to allow for adequate air circulation. Allow the top inch of soil to dry out between irrigation events and incorporate residue from harvested areas as deep as possible.



Figure 1- Sclerotinia white mould on cabbage.

Garlic – Harvest has started in some fields. Allow the crop to reach at least 40% yellowing/senesce before

harvesting for better yields and increased storability. The ideal time for optimum yields is to harvest porcelain cultivars (such as Music) when 50% of the leaves have senesced or turned yellow. Since it takes several days to harvest, many growers start at 40% and by the time the crop is fully harvested it may have reached 70%. Always avoid leaving harvested bulbs in direct sunlight after they have been pulled. Curing / drying is often associated with an increase in temperature, however, when it comes to curing garlic, relative humidity should be the primary focus. Heating air increases the amount of moisture that the air can hold per cubic metre. A cubic meter of air can hold ~17 grams of water vapour at 20°C, while at 30°C it can hold ~30 grams. In most years, when the ambient air's relative humidity is low, increasing the temperature greatly increases the



water holding capacity of the air. This year, the air has been humid, and already close to being saturated. Therefore, increasing the temperature of the air will not add much more water holding capacity. As a result, it will take a longer amount of time to remove excess moisture from the crop. Read more about how curing can affect Fusarium and mite populations in storage here: https://onvegetables.com/2021/12/09/stored-garlic-might-have-mites/

Onions – Many direct seeded fields are at the 6-7 leaf stage. Despite the rain, the levels of thrips are climbing quickly in many fields. Play close attention to fields bordering hay and wheat as the levels of thrips will generally start to increase as hay is cut and wheat is harvested. Apply no more two applications of the same insecticide targeting thrips for resistance management. Older leaves are turning yellow in fields that received excess moisture over the past two weeks. Stemphylium is starting to colonize these wilted leaf tissues in many fields across the province (Figure 2). Be on the lookout for Botrytis (Figure 3), onion smut (Figure 4) and bacterial rot (Figure 5). Damage from rain may leave leaf bruising on the leaf with similar halos as seen with Botrytis.



Figure 2- Stemphylium lesions coming in on older leaves senescing due to excess moisture, July 2023

Figure 3- Botrytis leaf blight, July 2020





Pest Degree Day Forecasting

Figure 4 – Onion smut, July 2020 – J. Mosiondz

Figure 5 – Onion plants affected by bacterial rot, July 2020

| County | Carrot Rust Fly | Onion Maggot | Carrot Weevil | Aster Leafhopper | Tarnished Plant Bug | Cabbage Maggot | Seedcorn Maggot | European Corn Borer |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| THRESHOLD | 329-395, 1399-1711 | 210-700, 1025-1515 | 138-156, 455+ | 128+ | 40+ | 314-398, 847-960, 1446-1604 | 200-350, 600-750, 1000-1150 | See legend below |
| Bruce*** | 962 | 872 | 620 | 470 | 286 | 702 | 872 | 406 |
| Essex* | 1274 | 1162 | 863 | 692 | 459 | 955 | 1162 | 612 |
| Chatham-Kent* | 1171 | 1064 | 779 | 615 | 395 | 869 | 1064 | 540 |
| Norfolk** | 1167 | 1060 | 779 | 615 | 395 | 867 | 1060 | 537 |
| Huron*** | 1042 | 943 | 682 | 525 | 323 | 764 | 943 | 452 |
| Wellington** | 1040 | 947 | 690 | 536 | 334 | 774 | 947 | 465 |
| Simcoe County*** | 1046 | 951 | 688 | 537 | 338 | 771 | 951 | 467 |
| Durham*** | 1132 | 1032 | 757 | 600 | 390 | 842 | 1032 | 527 |
| Peterborough | 1061 | 964 | 692 | 535 | 330 | 777 | 964 | 463 |
| Kemptville*** | 1157 | 1060 | 790 | 625 | 408 | 877 | 1060 | 547 |
| Sudbury*** | 980 | 894 | 657 | 513 | 328 | 734 | 894 | 446 |
| Timiskaming*** | 958 | 873 | 631 | 486 | 309 | 710 | 873 | 422 |
| Lambton** | 1131 | 1027 | 742 | 581 | 365 | 832 | 1027 | 505 |
| Thunder Bay | 803 | 723 | 502 | 378 | 214 | 573 | 723 | 320 |
| Middlesex* | 1154 | 1052 | 778 | 615 | 396 | 864 | 1052 | 541 |
| Renfrew | 1157 | 1062 | 795 | 632 | 420 | 882 | 1062 | 558 |

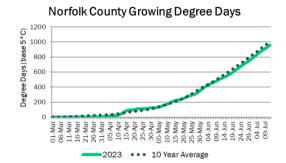
*- Bivoltine region for ECB. First Peak Catch: 300-350 DD, Second Peak Catch 1050-1100 DD

**- Overlap region for ECB. First Peak Catch: 300-350 DD Second Peak Catch 650-700 DD, Third Peak Catch 1050-1100 DD

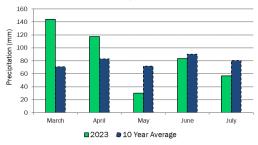
***-Univoltine region for ECB. Peak Catch 650-700 DD

Use these thresholds as a guide, always confirm insect activity with actual field scouting and trap counts. Select a region below for the latest weather, crop and pest degree day information: Norfolk(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#NorfolkLink) Essex(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#EssexLink) Sudbury(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#SudburyLink) Chatham-Kent(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#ChathamKentLink) Peterborough(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#PeterboroughLink) Huron(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#HuronLink) Durham(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#DurhamLink) Thunder Bay(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#ThunderBayLink) Bruce(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#BruceLink) Kemptville(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#KemptvilleLink) Lambton(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#LambtonLink) Middlesex(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#MiddlesexLink) Renfrew(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#RenfrewLink) Simcoe(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#SimcoeLink) Wellington Centre(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#WellCentreLink) Wellington North(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#WellNorthLink) Timiskaming(https://onvegetables.com/2023/07/13/vcr2023-11/#TimiskamingLink)

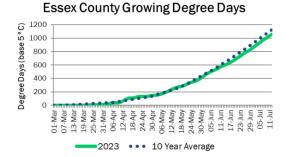
Norfolk



Norfolk Total Precipitation Per Month

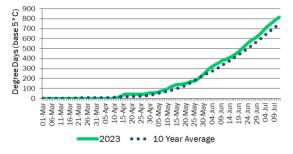


Essex

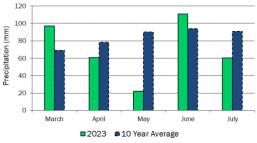


Sudbury

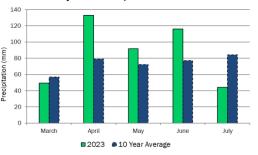




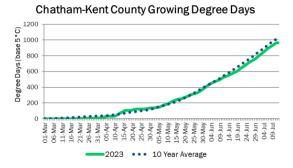
Essex Total Precipitation Per Month



Subury Total Precipitation Per Month

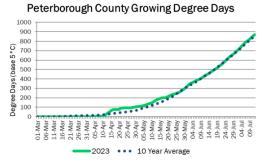


Chatham-Kent

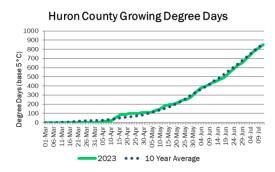


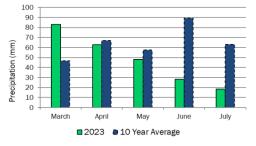
Chatham-Kent Total Precipitation Per Month 140 120 Precipitation (mm) 100 80 60 40 20 0 March June July April May ■2023 ■10 Year Average

Peterborough

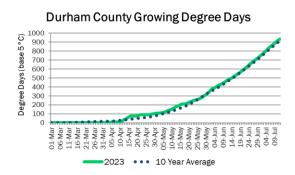


Huron

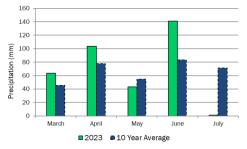




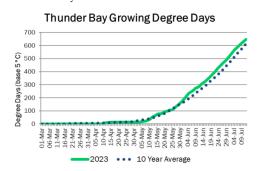
Durham



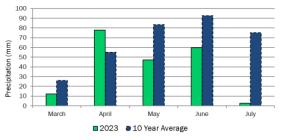
Durham Total Precipitation Per Month



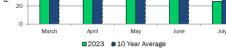
Thunder Bay



Thunder Bay Total Precipitation Per Month



Huron Total Precipitation Per Month



Peterborough Total Precipitation Per Month

120

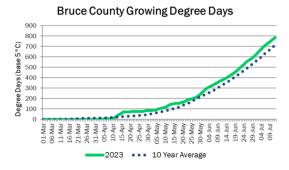
100

80 ition (mm)

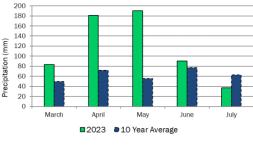
60

Precipita 40

Bruce



Bruce Total Precipitation Per Month



Kemptville Total Precipitation Per Month

180

160 140

120

100 80

60

40

20

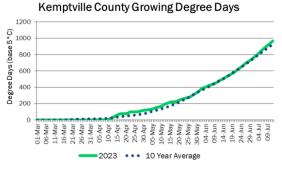
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March

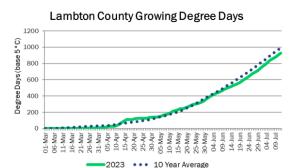
April

Precipitation (mm)

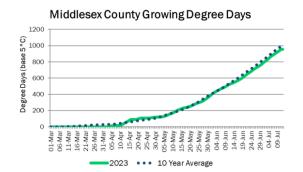
Kemptville



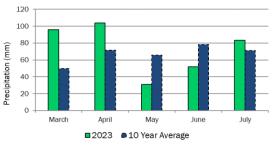
Lambton



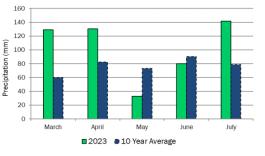
Middlesex



Lambton Total Precipitation Per Month

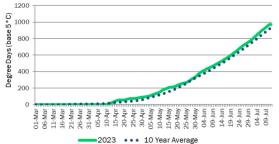


Middlesex Total Precipitation Per Month

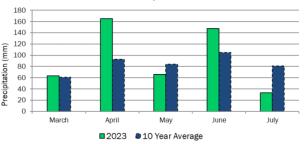


Renfrew

Renfrew County Growing Degree Days



Renfrew Total Precipitation Per Month



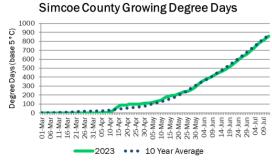
May

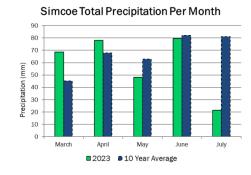
2023 10 Year Average

June

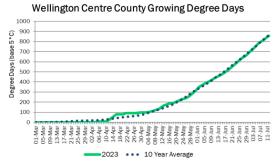
July

Simcoe

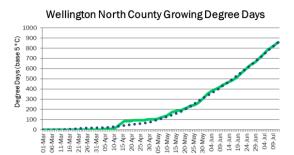




Wellington Centre

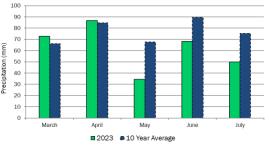


Wellington North

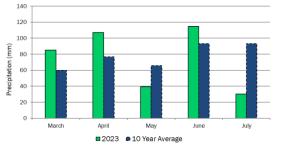


25-

Wellington Centre Total Precipitation Per Month



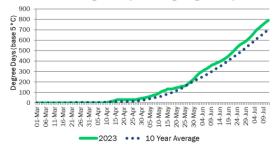
Wellington North Total Precipitation Per Month



Timiskaming

Timiskaming County Growing Degree Days

2023 ••• 10 Year Average



Timiskaming Total Precipitation Per Month

